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Wet Steam

Typically steam turbines run well above the saturation line as any moisture in the steam can cause corrosion and erosion to the turbine blades. However, there are some cases where small turbines are used for conditions that are less than ideal as that is the steam that is available and who wants to throw away all that energy!

It was found that for this case, the best solution was to assume the inlet steam to be right on the saturation line so the inlet steam enthalpy could be determined and the turbine efficiency calculated. While not perfect, results are within 1 or 2 percentage points.

This steam turbine is running under the following conditions:

Inlet Pressure: 389.7 psia
Inlet Temperature: 442.1 F
Steam Flow: 57,878 lb/hr
Exhaust pressure: 93.7 psia
Exhaust Temperature: 320 F
Speed: 3,550 rpm

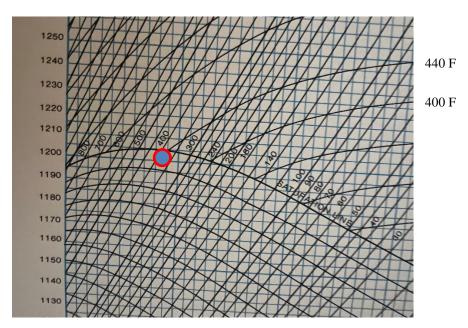


Figure 1. Looking at a Mollier diagram for Steam, we find that the steam entering the turbine is just below the saturation line. Since the constant temperature lines are discontinuous at the saturation line, it is impossible to precisely determine the enthalpy of the inlet steam to the turbine.

Example 1. Back Pressure Turbine

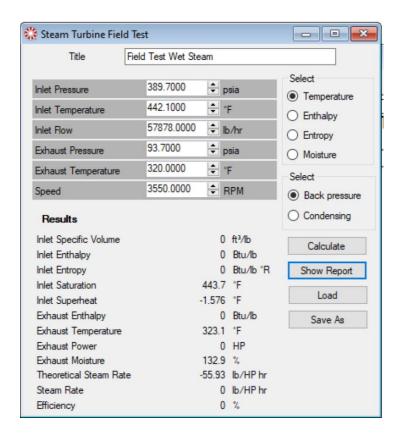


Figure 2. In this case, the operating values were entered into a steam turbine program. Note the Enthalpy is zero as we are below the saturation line. Also, note the program provides the inlet superheat as a negative number, further confirming we are in the saturated area.

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Description: Field Test Wet Steam

Inputs	Units	Value
Inlet Pressure	psia	389.7
Inlet Temperature	°F	442.1
Inlet Flow	lb/hr	57,878
Exhaust Pressure	psia	93.70
Exhaust Temperature	°F	320.0
Speed	RPM	3,550

Overall Results	Units	Value
Exhaust Power	HP	0
Theoretical Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	-55.93
Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	0
Efficiency	%	0

State Point Results	Units	Inlet	Exhaust
Specific Volume	ft*/lb	0	-1.526
Pressure	psia	389.7	93.70
Temperature	°F	442.1	323.1
Enthalpy	Btu/lb	0	0
Entropy	Btu/lb °R	0	0.093
Mass Flow	lb/hr	57,878	57,878
Saturation Temperature	°F	443.7	323.1
Superheat	°F	-1.576	0
Moisture	%	100.0	132.9

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Figure 3. Note with further information it is shown that the saturation temperature for the inlet conditions is 443.7 F.

Example 2. Condensing Turbine

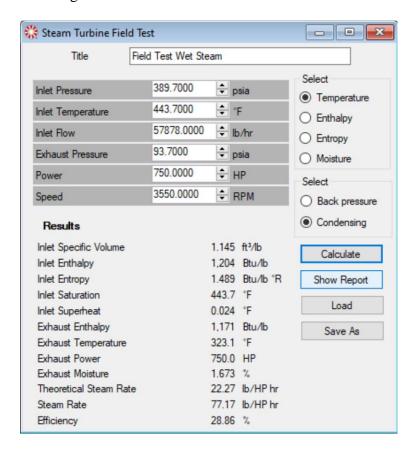


Figure 4. In this example, the inlet steam was assumed to be on the saturation line so the inlet Enthalpy could be determined. Using the inlet saturation temperature from Figure 3 and the driven power to determing the exhaust enthalpy, an efficiency of 29% was calculated.

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Description: Field Test Wet Steam

Inputs	Units	Value
Inlet Pressure	psia	389.7
Inlet Temperature	°F	443.7
Inlet Flow	lb/hr	57,878
Exhaust Pressure	psia	93.70
Power	HP	750.0
Speed	RPM	3,550

Overall Results	Units	Value
Exhaust Power	HP	750.0
Theoretical Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	22.27
Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	77.17
Efficiency	%	28.86

State Point Results Specific Volume Pressure Temperature	Units ft*/lb psia °F	Inlet 1.145 389.7 443.7	Exhaust 4.635 93.70 323.1
Enthalpy	Btu/lb	1,204	1,171
Entropy	Btu/lb °R	1.489	1.589
Mass Flow	lb/hr	57,878	57,878
Saturation Temperature	°F	443.7	323.1
Superheat	°F	0.024	0
Moisture	%	0	1.673

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Figure 5. Calculation using saturated inlet steam.

Example 3. Inlet Moisture

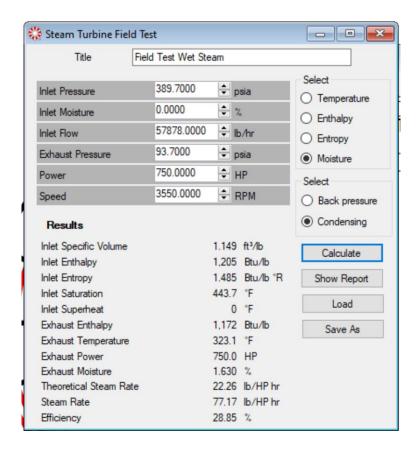


Figure 6. Calculation using 0% inlet moisture, indicating the steam at the inlet is at saturation conditions.

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Field Test Wet Steam Description:

Inputs	Units	Value
Inlet Pressure	psia	389.7
Inlet Moisture	%	0
Inlet Flow	lb/hr	57,878
Exhaust Pressure	psia	93.70
Power	HP	750.0
Speed	RPM	3,550

Overall Results	Units	Value
Exhaust Power	HP	750.0
Theoretical Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	22.26
Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	77.17
Efficiency	%	28.85

State Point Results	Units	Inlet	Exhaust
Specific Volume	ft*/lb	1.149	4.637
Pressure	psia	389.7	93.70
Temperature	°F	443.7	323.1
Enthalpy	Btu/lb	1,205	1,172
Entropy	Btu/lb °R	1.485	1.589
Mass Flow	lb/hr	57,878	57,878
Saturation Temperature	°F	443.7	323.1
Superheat	°F	0	0
Moisture	%	0	1.630

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Figure 7. 0% moisture calculations. Note the efficiency is 29%

Example 4. Small 0.5% Moisture

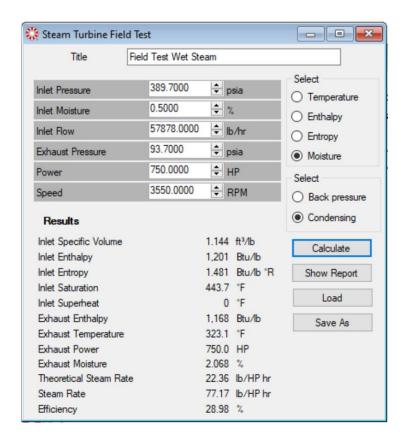


Figure 8. In this calculation the moisture was estimated to be 0.5%. Note the efficiency is still 29%. While other calculations were completed with higher levels of moisture, the calculated efficiency was close. (An inlet moisture of 8% gave an efficiency of 31%.)

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Field Test Wet Steam Description:

Inputs	Units	Value
Inlet Pressure	psia	389.7
Inlet Moisture	%	0.500
Inlet Flow	lb/hr	57,878
Exhaust Pressure	psia	93.70
Power	HP	750.0
Speed	RPM	3,550

Overall Results	Units	Value
Exhaust Power	HP	750.0
Theoretical Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	22.36
Steam Rate	lb/HP hr	77.17
Efficiency	%	28.98

State Point Results Specific Volume	Units ft*/lb	Inlet 1.144	Exhaust 4.616
Pressure	psia	389.7	93.70
Temperature	°F	443.7	323.1
Enthalpy	Btu/lb	1,201	1,168
Entropy	Btu/lb °R	1.481	1.584
Mass Flow	lb/hr	57,878	57,878
Saturation Temperature	°F	443.7	323.1
Superheat	°F	0	0
Moisture	%	0.500	2.068

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Figure 9. Calculation assuming 0.5% moisture at the inlet.